The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island 2009 - Highlights on Adults*

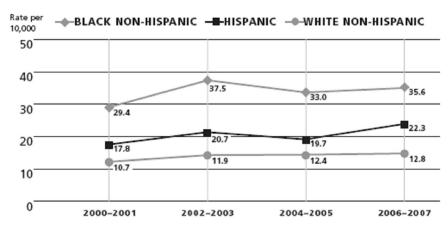
TABLE 17. PERCENTAGE OF ADULTS WITH CURRENT ASTHMA THAT EXPERIENCED ASTHMA EPISODES BY MEASURES OF DISPARITY, RHODE ISLAND BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM (BRFSS), 2005–2006

| | | ASTHMA SAMPLE ¹ | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | USED CONTROLLER MEDICATION | USED RESCUE MEDICATION |
| | | ASTHMA ATTACK | ALMOST DAILY IN PAST | 5+ TIMES IN PAST |
| | | IN THE PAST YEAR | 30 DAYS TO PREVENT AN ATTACK | 30 DAYS TO STOP ATTACK |
| CHARACTERISTICS | | % (95% CI) | % (95% CI) | % (95% CI) |
| Sex | Male | 41.9 (32.9 – 51.1) | 45.1 (36.2 – 54.1) | 28.0 (18.4 – 37.5) |
| | Female | 48.0 (43.1–53.9) | 40.8 (36.2 – 45.5) | 21.2 (17.5 – 25.0) |
| Age group | 18–64 | 49.2 (44.1 – 52.9) | 38.3 (33.5 – 43.2) | 24.2 (19.3 – 29.0) |
| | 65 and older | 28.4 (21.7 – 35.2) | 64.4 (56.8 – 72.0) | 20.3 (13.8 – 26.8) |
| Educational level | <12 years | 48.8 (34.3 – 63.4) | 41.9 (37.5 – 46.4) | - |
| | HS Diploma or higher | 45.4 (40.9 – 49.9) | 44.8 (30.2 – 59.2) | _ |
| Household income | <\$25,000 per year | 47.4 (37.5 – 57.4) | 41.0 (35.8 – 46.2) | 17.8 (13.6 – 22.0) |
| | > \$25,000 per year | 43.6 (38.5 – 48.9) | 40.2 (31.0 – 49.4) | 36.6 (26.2 – 47.0) |
| Overall | | 45.9 (41.9 – 50.4) | 42.3 (38.0 – 46.7) | 23.6 (19.3 – 27.8) |

⁻ Sample sizes too small for analysis

Data Source: 2005-2006 Rhode Island Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System combined file, Rhode Island Department of Health, Center for Health Data and Analysis.

FIGURE 27. AGE-ADJUSTED¹ ASTHMA² HOSPITALIZATION RATES,³ BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND YEAR⁴, RHODE ISLAND HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA, 2000–2007



- 1 Age-adjusted to the year 2000 U.S. standard population.
- 2 Asthma listed as the principal diagnosis (ICD-9-CM codes 493.00 493.92).
- 3 All rates are per 10,000 population.
- 4 Years are combined in two-year intervals to have sufficient cases.

Data Source: 2000–2007 Rhode Island Hospital Discharge Data, Rhode Island Department of Health, Center for Health Data and Analysis.

*All tables and figures are excerpted from The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island 2009 Report

Safe and Healthy Lives in Safe and Healthy Communities

The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island 2009 - Highlights on Adults



Rhode Island Department of Health, September 2009 Asthma Control Program

Highlights

This report presents information on asthma prevalence, asthma triggers, and quality of life for Rhode Island adults with current asthma. Data excerpted here come from *The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island* 2009 report.

About the Burden Report: The purpose of this report is to describe the prevalence of asthma and asthma-related health outcomes in Rhode Island using the most recent data available. The Burden of Asthma in Rhode *Island* is an updated version of two earlier publications on the burden of asthma in the state, published in 2004 and 2007, respectively. Data for the current Burden report come from the Rhode Island Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), the Rhode Island Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS), Rhode Island Hospital Discharge Data (HDD), Rhode Island Emergency Department Data (EDD), and Rhode Island Vital Records. Data on asthma in children come from the Random Child Selection and the Child Asthma Prevalence Modules included in the 2005– 2007 BRFSS.

<u>Current asthma</u>: Current asthma is defined as having been diagnosed with asthma and still having asthma at the time of the survey.

Reading statistics: This report presents bar graphs showing percentages and 95% confidence intervals (CI). Since percentages from survey data are estimates, the 95% CI indicates the range of values within which the "true" value lies 95% of the time. When two groups have 95% CI that overlap, it

Excerpts from *The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island* 2009 report:

- ❖ Rhode Island adults have higher rates of current and lifetime asthma than compared to the United States as a whole (Figures 5 and 6). Table 6 displays the prevalence of current asthma within demographic subgroups. Asthma is more common among (1) women than men, (2) persons with household incomes of \$25,000/yr or less than those with incomes of \$50,000/yr or more, (3) adults with less than a high school diploma, (4) Hispanics vs white non-Hispanics, and (5) people 65 and over vs. those 18-64.
- ❖ Medicare was the largest payer for asthma hospitalizations, followed closely by commercial insurance (Figure 30).
- ❖ Figure 23 displays the percentage of people receiving flu vaccinations by age, and overall, 57% of persons with asthma received a flu vaccine compared to only 47% of persons without asthma.
- ❖ Table 17 shows that adults with asthma aged 18-64 had more asthma attacks than those 65 and older. However, more of those with asthma aged 65 and older utilized controller medication almost daily to prevent attacks.
- ❖ Figure 27 shows extreme differences in age-adjusted asthma hospitalization rates by race and ethnicity. Black non-Hispanic adults have 35.6 asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 people versus 22.3 for Hispanics and 12.8 for white non-Hispanics.

Discussion: Rhode Island is making great strides in improving the quality of life for people with asthma. The Rhode Island Department of Health's Asthma Control Program and the Asthma Coalition and its committees are committed to securing a high measure of quality of life for all Rhode Islanders who have asthma and their families. The *Reducing the Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island, Asthma State Plan 2009-2014* and community interventions focus on asthma management through chronic care and disease management and healthy housing.

indicates that the "true" values are likely to be similar in both groups. If the 95% CI do not overlap, it indicates that the two groups are statistically significantly different from one another.

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For further information: For the Asthma Control Program go to http://www.health.ri.gov/disease/asthma/index.php; for the BRFSS go to http://www.health.ri.gov/chic/statistics/brfss.php http://www.health.ri.gov/chic/statistics/brfss.php http://www.cdc.gov/brfss, or contact the Asthma Control Program, Rhode Island Department of Health at 401-222-4040.

Highlights prepared by: NJ Everage, ScM, N Sutton RD, MS, DN Pearlman, PhD, and D Goldman RN, MPH, from the Division of Community Health, Family Health, and Equity.

¹ Weighted data.

The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island 2009 - Highlights on Adults*

FIGURE 5. TRENDS IN <u>LIFETIME</u> ADULT ASTHMA PREVALENCE BY YEAR, U.S. AND RHODE ISLAND BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE

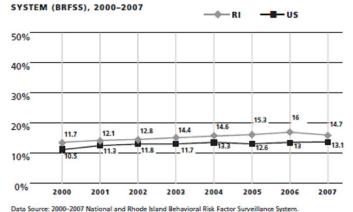
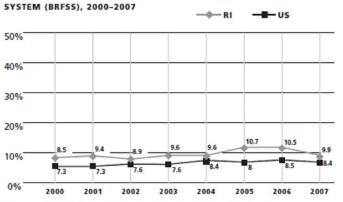


FIGURE 6. TRENDS IN <u>CURRENT</u> ADULT ASTHMA PREVALENCE BY YEAR, U.S. AND RHODE ISLAND BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE



Data Source: 2000-2007 National and Rhode Island Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.

TABLE 6. DISPARITIES IN CURRENT ADULT ASTHMA PREVALENCE,
RHODE ISLAND BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM (BRFSS), 2003–2007

| rs (18+ ' | |
|-----------|--|
| Male | |
| male | |
| -64 | |
| and old | |
| 2 years | |
| Diplom | |
| 25,000 p | |
| 25,000 p | |
| panic | |
| ck non- | |
| nite non | |
| | |
| nite non | |

¹ Sample of respondents with a "yes" or "no" response to the question about current asthma.

Data Source: 2003-2007 Rhode Island Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System combined file, Rhode Island Department of Health, Center for Health Data and Analysis.

*All tables and figures are excerpted from *The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island* 2009 Report

Safe and Healthy Lives in Safe and Healthy Communities

The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island 2009 – Highlights on Adults*

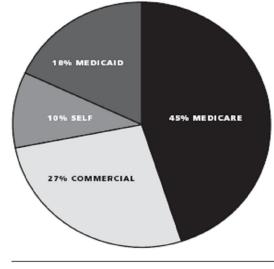
TABLE 16. PERCENTAGE OF ADULTS WITH CURRENT ASTHMA THAT EXPERIENCED ASTHMA SYMPTOMS
IN THE PAST MONTH BY MEASURES OF DISPARITY, RHODE ISLAND BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE
SYSTEM (BRFSS), 2002, 2005–2006

| | | ASTHMA SAMPLE | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| CHARACTERISTICS | | UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE ¹ | ASTHMA SYMPTOMS ² PERCENTAGE (95% CI) ² | |
| Sex | Male | 291 | 49.3 (41.9 – 56.7) | |
| | Female | 900 | 46.2 (42.1– 50.2) | |
| Age group | 18–64 | 944 | 46.2 (42.0 – 50.4) | |
| | 65 and older | 237 | 54.0 (46.8 – 61.3) | |
| Educational level | < 12 years | 164 | 58.4 (47.5 – 69.3) | |
| | HS Diploma or higher | 1,026 | 45.4 (41.6 – 49.2) | |
| Household income | < \$25,000 per year | 328 | 60.7 (53.5 – 67.9) | |
| | > \$25,000 per year | 687 | 42.0 (37.6 – 46.4) | |
| Race/ethnicity ⁴ | Minority | 174 | 42.3 (33.2 – 51.4) | |
| | White, non-Hispanic | 1,002 | 48.5 (44.4 – 52.5) | |
| Overall | | 1,191 | 47.2 (43.5– 50.9) | |
| | | | | |

¹ Sample of respondents with a "yes" or "no" response to the question about asthma symptoms.

Data Source: 2002, 2005–2006 Rhode Island Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System combined file, Rhode Island Department of Health, Center for Health Data and

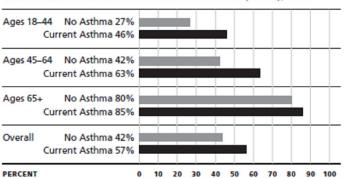
FIGURE 30. PRIMARY PAYER FOR ASTHMA
HOSPITALIZATIONS AMONG ADULTS (18+), RHODE
ISLAND HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA, 2007



¹ Asthma listed as the principal diagnosis (ICD-9-CM 493.00 – 493.92).

Data Source: 2007 Rhode Island Hospital Discharge Data, Rhode Island Department of Health, Center for Health Data and Analysis.





Data Source: 2007 Rhode Island Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Rhode Island Department of Health, Center for Health Data and Analysis.

² Weighted data.

² Asthma symptoms reported at least once or twice a week to daily.

Weighted data.

⁴ Race/ethnicity: Minorities include persons of Hispanic origin of any race as well as non-Hispanic blacks and non-Hispanics in the "other" race category, which includes Asian Americans, American Indians, and persons of "Two or More Races." These groups are combined due to their small populations, which prevent meaningful statistical analyses of the groups individually.

^{*}All tables and figures are excerpted from The Burden of Asthma in Rhode Island 2009 Report